

P3245-1M Multimeter digital, True RMS

User Manual

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Fruhmann GmbH, NTL Manufacturer & Wholesaler Katharinenweg 3 7372 Karl Austria

Tel: +43 2617 20278 Web: <u>www.ntl.at</u> Fax: +43 2617 20278 4 E-mail: office@ntl.at

General Warranty

NTL warrants that the product will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of 2 years from the date of purchase of the product. This warranty only applies to the original purchaser and is not transferable to the third party, and does not apply to fuses, disposable batteries or to any product which has been misused, altered, neglected or damaged by accident or abnormal conditions of operation or handling.

If the product proves defective during the warranty period, NTL either will repair the defective product without charge for parts and labour, or will provide a replacement in exchange for the defective product. Parts, modules and replacement products used by NTL for warranty work may be new or reconditioned like new performance.

In order to obtain service under this warranty, the Customer must notify NTL of the defect before the expiration of the warranty period. The Customer shall be responsible for packaging and shipping the defective product to the service center designated by NTL, and with a copy of customer proof of purchase.

This warranty shall not apply to any defect, failure or damage caused by improper use or improper or inadequate maintenance and care. NTL shall not be obligated to furnish service under this warranty

a) to repair damage resulting from attempts by personnel other than NTL representatives to install, repair or service the product;

b) to repair damage resulting from improper use or connection to incompatible equipment;

c) to repair any damage or malfunction caused by the use of non-NTL supplies; or

d) to service a product that has been modified or integrated with other products when the effect of such modification or integration increases the time or difficulty of servicing the product.

Please contact the nearest NTL Partner or Service Office for services or a complete copy of the warranty statement.

Excepting the after-sales services provided in this summary or the applicable warranty statements, NTL will not offer any guarantee for maintenance definitely declared or hinted, including but not limited to the implied guarantee for marketability and special-purpose acceptability. NTL should not take any responsibilities for any indirect, special or consequent damages.

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1. Safety Information

Safety Considerations

Before any operations, please read the following safety precautions to avoid any possible bodily injury and prevent damage to this product or any other products connected. To avoid any contingent danger, use this product only as specified.

EC Declaration of Conformity:

Meets intent of Directive 2004/108/EC for Electromagnetic Compatibility.

- Limit operation to the specified measurement category, voltage, or amperage ratings.
- Do not use the multimeter if it is damaged. Before you use the multimeter, inspect the case. Look for cracks or missing plastic. Pay particular attention to the insulation surrounding the connectors.
- Inspect the test leads for damaged insulation or exposed metal.
- Before use, verify the multimeter's operation by measuring a known voltage.
- Only the qualified technicians can implement the maintenance.
- Always use the specified battery type. The power for the multimeter is supplied with a battery. Observe the correct polarity markings before you insert the battery to ensure proper insertion of the battery in the multimeter.
- Check all Terminal Ratings. To avoid fire or shock hazard, check all ratings and markers of this product. Refer to the user's manual for more information about ratings before connecting to the multimeter.
- Do not operate the multimeter with the cover or portions of the cover removed or loosened.
- Use Proper Fuse. Use only the specified type and rating fuse for the multimeter.
- Do not operate if in any doubt. If you suspect damage occurs to the multimeter, have it inspected by qualified service personnel before further operations.
- To avoid electric shock, do not operate this product in wet or damp conditions.
- Do not operate in an explosive atmosphere.
- Keep product surfaces clean and dry.
- Do not apply more than the rated voltage (as marked on the multimeter) between terminals, or between terminal and earth ground.
- When measuring current, turn off the circuit power before connecting the multimeter in the circuit. Remember to place the multimeter in series with the circuit.



- When servicing the multimeter, use only the specified replacement parts.
- Use caution when working above 60 V DC, 30 V AC RMS, or 42.4 V peak. Such voltages pose a shock hazard.
- When using the test leads, keep your fingers behind the finger guards on the test leads.
- Remove the test leads from the multimeter before you open the battery cover.
- To avoid false readings, which may lead to possible electric shock or personal injury, replace the battery as soon as the low battery indicator =+ appears and flashes.
- Disconnect circuit power and discharge all high-voltage capacitors before testing resistance, continuity, diodes, or capacitance.
- Use the proper terminals, function, and range for your measurements. When the range of the value to be measured is unknown, set the rotary switch position as the highest range, or choose the auto ranging mode. To avoid damages to the multimeter, do not exceed the maximum limits of the input values shown in the technical specification tables.
- Connect the common test lead before you connect the live test lead. When you disconnect the leads, disconnect the live test lead first.
- Before changing functions, disconnect the test leads from the circuit under test.



Measurement Category

The multimeter has a safety rating of 1000 V, CAT III and 600 V, CAT IV.

Measurement category definition

Measurement CAT I applies to measurements performed on circuits not directly connected to the AC mains. Examples are measurements on circuits not derived from the AC mains and specially protected (internal) mains- derived circuits.

Measurement CAT II applies to protect against transients from energy-consuming equipment supplied from the fixed installation, such as TVs, PCs, portable tools, and other household circuits.

Measurement CAT III applies to protect against transients in equipment in fixed equipment installations, such as distribution panels, feeders and short branch circuits, and lighting systems in large buildings.

Measurement CAT IV applies to measurements performed at the source of the low-voltage installation. Examples are electricity meters and measurements on primary over current protection devices and ripple control units.



Safety Terms and Symbols

Safety Terms

Terms in this Manual. The following terms may appear in this manual:

Δ	Warning:	Warning indicates the conditions or practices that could result in personal injury or death.
\wedge	Caution:	Caution indicates the conditions or practices that could result in damage to this product or other property.

Terms on the Product. The following terms may appear on this product:

Danger:	It indicates an injury or hazard may immediately happen.
Warning:	It indicates an injury or hazard may be accessible potentially.
Caution:	It indicates a potential damage to the instrument or other property might occur

Safety Symbols

Symbols on the Product. The following symbol may appear on the product:

===	Direct current (DC)	₽	Fuse
\sim	Alternating current (AC)		Caution, risk of danger (refer to this manual for specific Warning or Caution information)
\sim	Both direct and alternating current	CAT II	Category II overvoltage protection
느	Ground terminal	CAT III	Category III overvoltage protection
C€	Conforms to European Union directives	CAT IV	Category IV overvoltage protection
	Equipment protected throughout by double insulation or reinforced insulation		



2. Quick Start

General Inspection

After you get a new multimeter, make a check on the instrument according to the following steps:

1. Check whether there is any damage caused by transportation.

If it is found that the packaging carton or the foamed plastic protection cushion has suffered serious damage, do not throw it away first till the complete device and its accessories succeed in the electrical and mechanical property tests.

2. Check the Accessories

The supplied accessories are described in the *Appendix A: Enclosure (page 22)* of this Manual. You can check whether there is any loss of accessories with reference to this description. If it is found that there is any accessory lost or damaged, please get in touch with the distributor of NTL responsible for this service.

3. Check the Complete Instrument

If it is found that there is damage to the appearance of the instrument, or the instrument does not work normally, or fails in the performance test, please get in touch with the NTL distributor responsible for your area. If there is damage to the instrument caused by the transportation, please keep the package. Immediately inform the supplier (NTL distributor). A repairing or replacement of the instrument will be arranged.



Install/Change the Battery

The multimeter is powered by a 9V (6F22) battery.

Warning: To avoid false readings, which could lead to possible electric shock or personal injury, replace the battery as soon as the low battery indicator

-+ appears. Use only the specified battery type.

Use the following procedure to install or change the battery:

- Ensure that the rotary switch is at the OFF position. Remove test leads and any connectors from the input terminals.
- (2) Turn the device, to see the reverse side.
- (3) Loosen the screw with the included screwdriver and remove the battery cover.
- (4) Observe the battery polarity indicated inside the battery compartment, and insert the battery. Change it only through the same type/build.
- (5) Place the battery cover back in its original position and tighten carefully the screw.







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Caution: To avoid instruments being damaged from battery leakage, always remove the battery and store it separately if the multimeter is not going to be used for a long period.



Adjusting the Tilt Stand

Pull the tilt stand outward to its maximum reach (about 70° to the meter body).

Power On/Off

- (1) To power ON the multimeter, turn the rotary switch to any other position except **OFF**.
- (2) To power OFF the multimeter, turn the rotary switch to the **OFF** position.

Sleep Mode

The multimeter automatically enters the sleep mode if the rotary switch is not moved or a key is not pressed for 30 minutes.

Pressing **Select** or turn the rotary switch will turn the multimeter back to operation mode from the sleep mode.

One minute before Auto Power-off, the buzzer will beep five times to warn. Before shutoff, the buzzer will emit a long beep, and then the multimeter will shut off.

Note: In sleep mode, the multimeter will still consume a little power. If the multimeter is not going to be used for a long period, the power should be turned off.



LCD Backlight and Flashlight

To implement the test among darkness, you can activate the LCD backlight and flashlight by pressing **W** for more than 2 seconds. The backlight and flashlight will last for one minute. To turn off manually, pressing **W** for more than 2 seconds.

Selecting the Range

- Auto ranging is set as default when the meter is powered on, AUTO is displayed.
- When auto ranging is enabled, press **Mapping** to enter the manual range mode.
- In manual range, each additional press of sets the multimeter to the next higher range, unless it is already in the highest range, at which point the range switches to the lowest range.
- When manual range is enabled, press for more than 2 seconds to enter the auto ranging mode.

Note: Manual range is not available when measuring capacitance.



Multimeter in Brief

Front panel



Figure 2-1 Front panel overview



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No.	Description	Details
1	Display screen	Page 12
2	Keypad	Page 11
3	Rotary switch	Page 10
4	Input terminals	Page 13
5	LED indicator	
6	Non-contact voltage detector (NCV)	Page 17
7	Flashlight	Page 8

Rotary switch

Position	Description	Details
OFF	Power off	Page 7
$\overline{\widetilde{v}}$	DC or AC voltage measurement	— Dago 15
$\bar{\widetilde{mV}}$	DC or AC voltage measurement (up to 600 millivolts)	Fage 15
	Resistance measurement	Page 15
Ω ➡ •)))	Continuity test	Page 16
	Diode test	Page 16
٦ ٢	Capacitance measurement	Page 16
Hz% Frequency measurement		Page 17
°C/°F Temperature measurement		Page 17
NCV Non-contact voltage detect		Page 17
DC or AC current measurement (up to 600 microamperes)		
mA	DC or AC current measurement (up to 600 milliamperes)	Page 18
Ã	DC or AC current measurement	



Keypad

Key	Description	Details
Calast	Select DC or AC	
Select	Select Resistance/Continuity /Diode	
Range	Auto/Manual range	Page 8
آلې ا	Backlight & Flashlight	Page 8
	Data Hold	Page 19
	Select frequency/duty cycle	Page 17
Hz/Duty A	Measuring frequency in AC voltage/current mode	
	Relative Measurements	Page 19



Display screen



Figure 2-2 Display screen

Symbol	Description	Details	
AUTO	Auto range	Page 8	
	Data hold enabled	Page 19	
REL	Relative enabled	Page 19	
→	Diode test selected	Page 16	
((10	Continuity test selected	Page 16	
DC	DC	Page 15, 18	
AC	AC	Page 15, 18	
Ē	Battery is low Page 6		
-8.8.8.8	Measurement display ("OL" is short for overload, indicates the reading exceeds the display range)		
NCV	Non-contact Voltage Detect Page 17		
% [°] C [°] FMkΩ	HZNMVAF Measuring units	Page 13	



Measurement units

Sign	Description		
М	Mega	1E+06 (1 000 000)	
k	kilo	1E+03 (1 000)	
m	milli	1E–03 (0.001)	
μ	micro	1E-06 (0.000 001)	
n	nano	1E-09 (0.000 000 001)	

Sign	Description	Measurement type	
°C	Degree Celsius	Tomporatura	
°F	Degree Fahrenheit	- Temperature	
V	Volt	Voltage	
A	Ampere	Current	
Ω	Ohm	Resistance	
Hz	Hertz	Frequency	
%	Percent	Duty cycle	
F	Farad	Capacitance	

Input terminals

The terminal connections for the different measurement functions of the multimeter are described in the table below.

Warning: Before starting any measurement, observe the rotary switch position of the multimeter, and then connect the test leads to the correct terminals.

Caution: To avoid damaging the multimeter, do not exceed the rated input limit.



Rotary switch position	Input terminals		Overload protection
$\overline{\widetilde{\mathbf{v}}}_{(m}\overline{\widetilde{\mathbf{v}}}_{)}$	VΩHz ++ ℃/℉ + •))	СОМ	750 VAC/1000 VDC
Ω -►+ ∘)))			250 VAC/300 VDC
٦ ٢		СОМ	
Hz%			
°C/°F			
μÄ	uA mA	сом	1 A/1000 V, fast acting
mÃ		0.0111	(order no. DG401-00)
Ā	20A	СОМ	15 A/1000 V, fast acting (order no. DG415-00)

Internal resistances

V:	≥10 MΩ	
mV:	about 10 MΩ	
μ Α :	100 Ω (+ fuse)	
mA:	1 Ω (+ fuse)	
A :	0.01 Ω (+ fuse)	



3. Making Measurements

Measuring AC or DC Voltage

Warning: Do not measure any voltage of over 1000 VDC or 750 VAC rms to avoid instrument damage or electric shock. Do not apply more than 1000 VDC or 750 VAC rms between the common terminal and the earth ground to avoid instrument damage or electric shock.

This multimeter displays DC voltage values as well as their polarity. Negative DC voltages will display a negative sign on the left of the display.

- (1) Rotate the rotary switch to $\overline{\tilde{\mathbf{v}}}$ or $\overline{\tilde{\mathbf{mV}}}$. Default is DC measurement mode, **DC** will be displayed. Press **Select** to switch into AC measurement mode, **AC** will be displayed.
- (3) Probe the test points and read the display.

If necessary press

Hz/Duty

to enable and cycle through the manual ranges.

Note: When measuring AC voltage, press to cycle through frequency measuring, duty cycle measuring, and original measuring.

Measuring Resistance

Caution: To avoid possible damage to your multimeter or to the equipment under test, disconnect the circuit power and discharge all high-voltage capacitors before measuring resistance.

- (1) Rotate the rotary switch to $\stackrel{\Omega}{\rightarrow}$ (1)
- (2) Connect the black test lead to the COM terminal and the red test lead to the VΩHz +F °C/°F + •)) terminal.
- (3) Probe the test points and read the display.

If necessary press to enable and cycle through the manual ranges.



Testing for Continuity

Caution: To avoid possible damage to your multimeter or to the equipment under test, disconnect the circuit power and discharge all high-voltage capacitors before testing for continuity.

(1) Rotate the rotary switch to $\hat{\mathbf{P}}_{\rightarrow \rightarrow 0}$. Press Select once to enter continuity testing

mode, •)) will be displayed.

- (2) Connect the black test lead to the COM terminal and the red test lead to the VΩHz +F °C/°F + •)) terminal.
- (3) Probe the test points to measure the resistance in the circuit. If the reading is below 30Ω , the multimeter will beep continuously.

Testing Diodes

Caution: To avoid possible damage to your multimeter or to the equipment under test, disconnect the circuit power and discharge all high-voltage capacitors before testing diodes.

(1) Rotate the rotary switch to $\Omega_{\rightarrow \rightarrow 0}$. Press Select twice to enter diode testing mode,



- (3) Connect the red test lead to the positive terminal (anode) of the diode and the black test lead to the negative terminal (cathode). The cathode of a diode is indicated with a band.
- (4) Read the diode forward bias. If the test lead connection is reversed, the multimeter will display "OL".

Measuring Capacitance

Caution: To avoid possible damage to the multimeter or to the equipment under test, disconnect circuit power and discharge all high-voltage capacitors before measuring capacitance. Use the DC voltage function to confirm that the capacitor is fully discharged.

⁽¹⁾ Rotate the rotary switch to $\neg f$.



- (2) Connect the black test lead to the **COM** terminal and the red test lead to the $V\Omega$ Hz + C/F + M terminal.
- (3) Probe the test points and read the display.

Measuring Frequency

- (1) Rotate the rotary switch to **Hz%**.
- (2) Connect the black test lead to the **COM** terminal and the red test lead to the $V\Omega Hz + C \to W$ terminal.
- (3) Probe the test points and read the display.
- (4) Press to switch between the frequency and duty cycle measurements.

Note: When measuring AC voltage or AC current, press to cycle through frequency measuring, duty cycle measuring, and original measuring.

To measure the frequency of signal with large amplitude, it is recommended to press

Hz/Duty

to measure the frequency in AC voltage measurement mode.

Measuring Temperature

- (1) Rotate the rotary switch to $^{\circ}C/^{\circ}F$.
- (2) Connect the **red plug** of the thermocouple to the $\mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{C}}$ terminal and the **black** plug to the **COM** terminal.
- (3) Insert the tip of the thermocouple into the probe and read the display.

Non-Contact Voltage Detector (NCV)

To detect the presence of AC voltage, place the top of the meter close to a voltage source. When voltage is detected, the LED above the display will glow, and the meter will beep.

- Always test the NCV function on a known live circuit before use.
- Do not attempt to use the meter as an AC Voltage Detector if the battery is weak or bad.
- Even without indication, voltage may still be present. Do not rely on NCV detection to check the shielded wire. Detection could be impaired by socket design, insulation thickness, or other factors.
- External interference such as static electricity sources could mistakenly trigger NCV indication.





- (1) Rotate the rotary switch to **NCV**.
- (2) Test the NCV function on a known live circuit before use.
- (3) Place the top of the meter very close to the voltage source as shown in the figure.
- (4) If voltage is detected, the LED above the display will flash, and the meter will beep.

Measuring DC or AC Current

Warning: Never attempt an in-circuit current measurement where the open-circuit potential to earth is greater than 250 V. Doing so will cause damage to the multimeter and possible electric shock or personal injury.



Caution: To avoid possible damage to the multimeter or to the equipment under test, check the multimeter's fuse before measuring current. Use the proper terminals, function, and range for your measurement.

Never place the test leads in parallel with any circuit or component when the leads are plugged into the current terminals.

- (1) Turn off the power of the measured circuit. Discharge all high- voltage capacitors.
- (2) Connect the black test lead to the COM terminal. For currents below 600 mA, connect the red test lead to the µA mA terminal; for currents within 600 mA – 10 A, connect the red test lead to the 20A terminal.
- (3) Rotate the rotary switch to the appropriate position according to the measurement range, $\vec{\mu}\vec{A}$, $\vec{m}\vec{A}$, or $\vec{\vec{A}}$.
- (4) Disconnect the circuit path to be tested. Connect the test leads. Reversing the leads will produce a negative reading, but will not damage the multimeter.
- (5) Select DC or AC measurement mode. Default is DC measurement mode, **DC** will be displayed. Press **Select** to switch into AC measurement mode, **AC** will be displayed.
- (6) Turn on the power of the measured circuit, and read the display. If necessary press

to enable and cycle through the manual ranges. If "OL" is displayed, it

indicates the input exceeds the selected range and the rotary switch should be set to the position with higher range.

(7) Turn off the power of the measured circuit and discharge all high-voltage capacitors. Remove the test leads and restore the circuit to the original condition.





4. Multimeter Features

Data Hold Mode

- (1) Press **W**/**H** to freeze the display during measurement, **H** will be shown on the display.
- (2) Press **7**/**H** again to exit this mode.

Making Relative Measurements

When making relative measurements, reading is the difference between a stored reference value and the input signal.

- (1) Press to enter the relative mode, **REL** will be shown on the display. The measurement value when pressing is stored as the reference value. In this mode, REL \triangle (current reading) = input value - reference value.
- (2) Press it again to exit the mode.

In relative measurement, the manual range mode will be activated automatically. (The relative measurement should be carried out under a certain range, that is, this function is only available under the manual range mode.)

Note: This function is not available when measuring AC voltage/current and frequency.

Buzzer Feature

- Press the function key, the buzzer emits a short beep.
- One minute before Auto Power-off, the buzzer will beep five times to warn. Before shutoff, the buzzer will emit a long beep, and then the multimeter will shut off.
- The buzzer beeps continuously to warn once the measured DC voltage exceeds 1000 V, or the measured AC voltage exceeds 750 V.
- The buzzer emits a long beep when the short circuit resistance is less than about 50Ω during the continuity test.



5. Technical Specifications

The accuracies indicated in the table below are related to standard conditions of 18 ... 28 $\,\,^\circ\!C\,$ and a relative humidity of less than 80%.

Function		Measurement Range	Resolu- tion	Accuracy	
DC Voltage (V)	mV	60.00mV/600.0mV	0.01mV		
	V	600.0mV/6.000V/60.00V/600.0V	0.1mV	±(0.5%+20lg)	
	V	1000V	1V	±(0.8%+2dig)	
AC Voltage (V)	mV	60.00mV/600.0mV	0.01mV	±(0.8%+3dig)	
	V	600.0mV	0.1 mV	±(2%+5dig)	
	V	6.000V/60.00V/600.0V	1mV	±(0.8%+3dig)	
	V	750V	1V	±(1%+3dig)	
DC Current (A)	μA	600.0µA/6000µA	0.1µA	±(0.8%+2dig)	
	mA	60.00mA/600.0mA	0.01mA	±(0.8%+2dig)	
	А	20.00A ^[1]	0.01A	±(1.2%+3dig)	
AC Current (A)	μA	600.0µA/6000µA	0.1µA	±(1%+3dig)	
	mA	60.00mA/600.0mA	0.01mA	±(1%+3dig)	
	А	20.00A ^[1]	0.01A	±(1.5%+3dig)	
Resistance (Ω)		600.0Ω/6.000kΩ/60.00kΩ/ 600.0kΩ/6.000MΩ	0.1Ω	±(0.8%+2dig)	
		60.00ΜΩ	0.01 MΩ	±(2%+3dig)	
Capacitance (F)		60.00nF/600.0nF/6.000μF/ 60.00μF	0.01nF	±(3%+3dig)	
		600.0µF/6.000mF/60.00mF ^[2]	0.1µF	±(3%+5dig)	
Frequency ^[3] (Hz)		9.999Hz/99.99Hz/999.9Hz/ 9.999kHz/99.99kHz/999.9kHz/ 9.999MHz	0.001Hz	±(0.8%+2dig)	
Duty Cycle ^[4] (%)		0.1% - 99.9% (Typical: Vrms=1 V, f=1 kHz)	0.1%	±(1.2%+3dig)	
		0.1% - 99.9%(≥1 kHz)	1	±(2.5%+3dig)	
Temperature (°C/°F)		−50 °C to 400 °C	1 °C	±(2.5%+3dig)	
		−58 ℉ to 752 ℉	1 F	±(4.5%+5dig)	

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- [1] When measuring current, for 10 A to 15 A, the measuring duration should not be over 2 minutes within 10 minutes, and in these 10 minutes, no other current should flow through except within the measuring duration; for 15 A to 20 A, the measuring duration should not be over 10 seconds within 15 minutes, and in these 15 minutes, no other current should flow through except within the measuring duration.
- [2] When measuring capacitance, for the 60.00 mF range, the measuring duration should be over 30 seconds.
- [3] When measuring frequency, the typical waveform is Square or Sine. The signal meets the following conditions.

Frequency	Amplitude (rms)
1 Hz – 5 MHz	≥ 700 mV

[4] When measuring duty cycle, the typical waveform is Square.

Note:

When measuring AC voltage/current or capacitance, accuracy guarantee range is 5% to 100% of the range.

Characteristics	Instruction
Display	5999
Frequency Response (Hz)	(40 - 1000) Hz
Sample rate for digital data	3 times/second
Auto ranging	\checkmark
True RMS	
Diodes Test	\checkmark
Sleep Mode	\checkmark
Continuity Test	\checkmark
Low battery indication	\checkmark (The "+" is displayed when the battery is under the proper operation range.)
Data Hold	\checkmark
Relative Measurement	\checkmark
LCD Backlight	\checkmark
Input Protection	
Input Impedance	≥ 10 MΩ
Battery	9V battery (6F22)
LCD Size	58.5 mm * 41 mm
Weight (without package)	0.32 kg
Dimension	190 mm * 90 mm * 56 mm
Working temperature	0°C to 40°C
Storage temperature	-10° C to 60° C
Relative Humidity	≤ 80%
Altitude	Max. 5,000 m
Internal resistances	See page 14



Appendix A: Enclosure

Standard Accessories:







Test lead

K-type Thermocouple

Manual

9V battery Bolt driver (6F22) for changing the fuse

Appendix B: General Care and Cleaning

Warning: To avoid electrical shock or damage to the multimeter, ensure that the insides of the casing stay dry at all times.

Cleaning

To clean the instrument exterior, perform the following steps:

Wipe the dust from the instrument surface with a soft cloth. Do not make any scuffing on the screen when clean the LCD. Clean the instrument with a wet soft cloth not dripping water. It is recommended to scrub with soft detergent or fresh water. To avoid damage to the instrument, do not use any corrosive chemical cleaning agent.

Dirt or moisture in the terminals can distort readings. Follow the steps below to clean your multimeter.

- 1. Turn the multimeter off and remove the test leads.
- 2. Turn the multimeter over and shake out the dirt of the terminals.
- 3. Wipe the contacts in each terminal with a clean swab dipped in alcohol.



Appendix C: Changing the fuse

Warning: To avoid electrical shock or damage to the multimeter, ensure that the insides of the casing stay dry at all times.

Change the fuse:

To change the fuse, perform the following steps:

- Ensure that the rotary switch is at the OFF position. Remove test leads and any connectors from the input terminals.
- Remove the yellow protective cover. Most suitable to start is the place you can see in picture 1 (on the side of the Multimeter, at the same height as the rotary switch).
- 3. Proceed removing the protective cover see picture 2.
- 4. Turn the device, to see the reverse side.
- 5. Loosen the screws (see picture 3) and remove the cover.
- Now you can see both fuses (look at picture 4).
 Check them e.g. with another multimeter.
- 7. If damaged you must, change them.

Fuse types: L = 32 mm / D = 6 mm 15 A / 1000 V (order no. DG415-00) 1 A / 1000 V (order no. DG401-00) Material: ceramic







8. Proceed in reverse order, to reassemble the device.



P3245-1M Multimeter digital, True RMS



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Fruhmann GmbH, NTL Manufacturer & Wholesaler Katharinenweg 3 7372 Karl Austria

Tel: +43 2617 20278 Web: <u>www.ntl.at</u> Fax: +43 2617 20278 4 E-mail: office@ntl.at